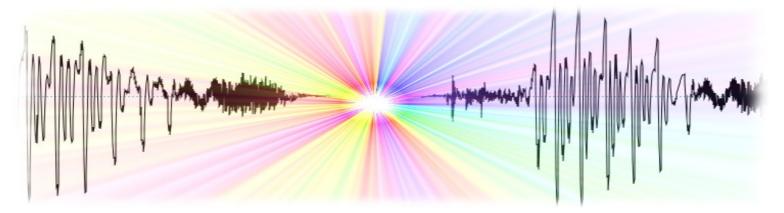
SPPAS: a tool for the phonetic segmentation of speech

Brigitte Bigi



Keywords:

PhonetizatonAutomaticSpeechSyllabificationSegmentationAlignmentProsody



What SPPAS can do today?

- Automatic annotations:
 - **Momel/INTSINT**: Modelisation of Mélodie
 - **IPUs segmentation**: utterance level segmentation
 - **Phonetization**: grapheme to phoneme conversion
 - Alignment: phonetic segmentation
 - **Syllabification**: group phonemes into syllables
- Goodies:
 - Get files information
 - Play sound (mono wav)
 - Manual transcription based on IPUs
 - Filter tiers





- A tool dedicated to computer scientists and linguists
- Language-independent algorithms
 - Resources for French, English, Italian and Chinese and there is an easy way to add other languages
- GNU Public License



SPPAS inputs

Speech signal: wav file



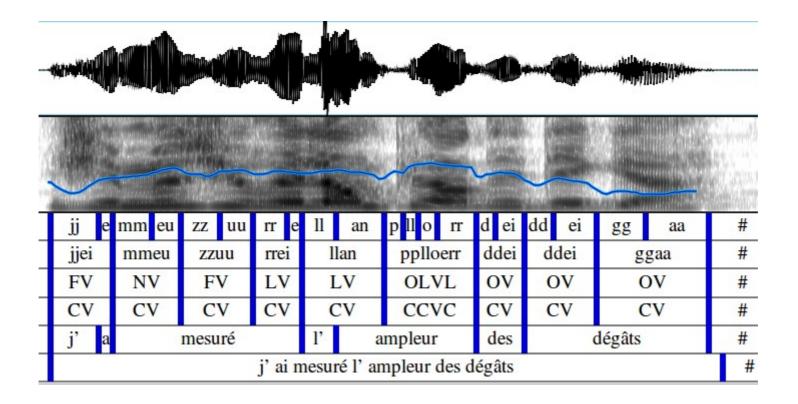
Transcription: txt or TextGrid

assis sur le mur du jardin potager j' ai mesuré l' ampleur des dégâts les choux avaient été entièrement dévorés par les limaces le potager était complètement dévasté et ressemblait à un terrain en friche mais pourquoi est-ce_que j' ai pas pensé à mettre du tue limaces au point où j' en suïs si je m' écoutais je ferais tout cimenter comme ça j' aurais une belle cour intérieure et plus de soucis



SPPAS outputs

A set of TextGrid files





Screenshot

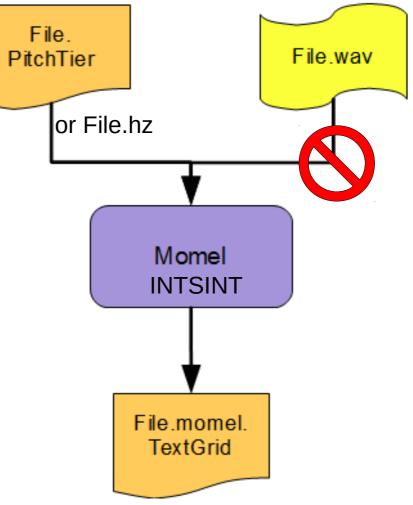
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Automatic annotations of selected files:	IPU (5	f1_P6-m	erge.TextGrid (3								
Momel and INTSINT	领围从	Transcript	ion: No name									
IPUs Segmentation		Number	Name	Begin	End	Type	Size	Nb silences	Nb empties	Nb plain	Dur siler	nces Dur.
Phonetization ZH 🗘 🖁	IPU (6)	Tier 1	IPU	0.0	28.999	Interval	21	11	0	10	8.334	0.0
ZH ‡		Tier 2	Phonetization	0.0	28.999	Interval	21	11	0	10	8.334	0.0
Syllabification	白色浅	Tier 3	PhonAlign	0.0	28.999	Interval	218	11	0	207	8.334	0.0
A		Tier 4	PhnTokAlign	0.0	28.999	Interval	84	11	0	73	8.334	0.0
Y.		Tier 5	TokensAlign	0.0	28.999 28.999	Interval	84 2	11 0	0	73 2	8.334 0.0	0.0
		Tier 6	Information	0.0	20.999	Interval	2	U	U	2	0.0	0.0
	1	selected pag	e name: f1_P6-mer	ge.TextGrid								



Momel and INTSINT

SPPAS implements Momel
 But... in the today's version:

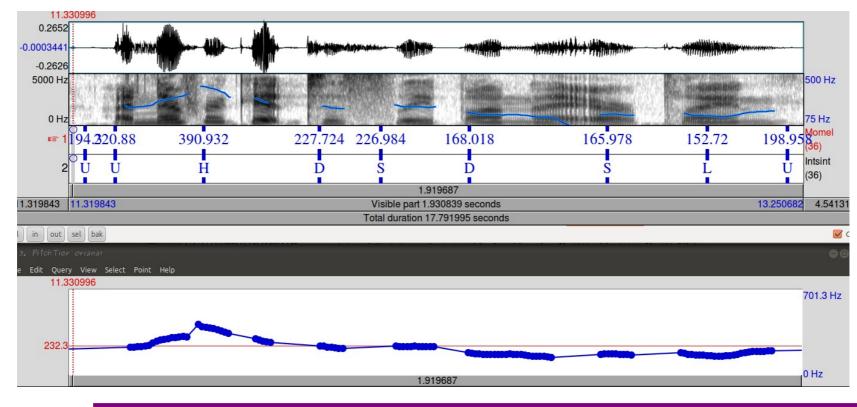
is missing!





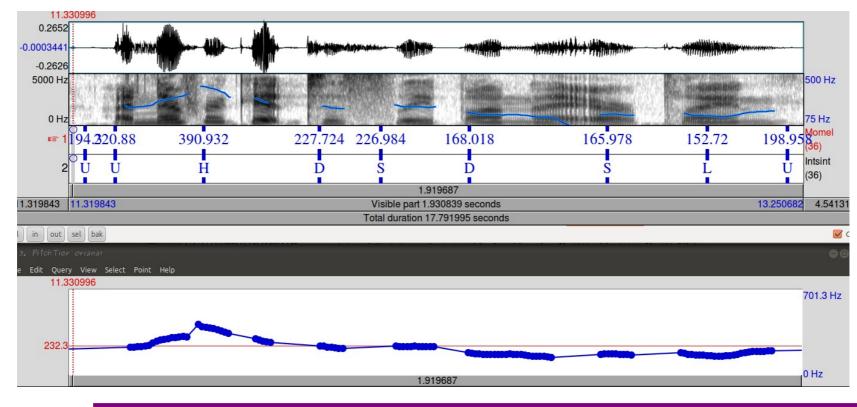
Momel/INTSINT: example

- Output: a TextGrid file with 2 tiers
 - Momel targets (pitch values)
 - INTSINT annotation of these targets



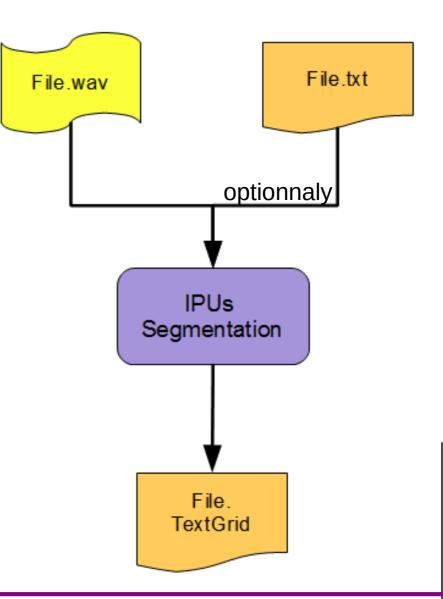
Momel/INTSINT: example

- Output: a TextGrid file with 2 tiers
 - Momel targets (pitch values)
 - INTSINT annotation of these targets



IPUs segmentation

- Inter-Pausal Units segmentation
- The algorithm computes a heuristics based on the detection of silences, by using:
 - volume
 - min silence duration
 - min speech duration



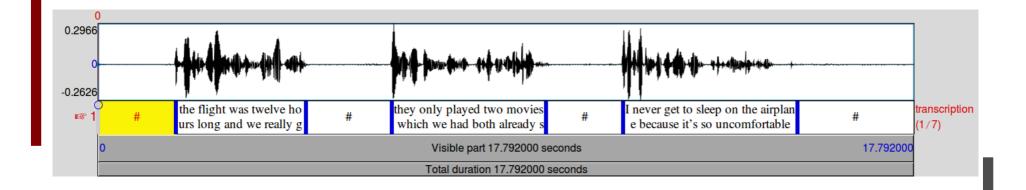


IPUs segmentation: example

Transcription: silences are indicated by newlines or '#'

	-	-	-	
_	-	-	n	۱
	_	_		
	_	=		
	_			
	_			
	_	=		

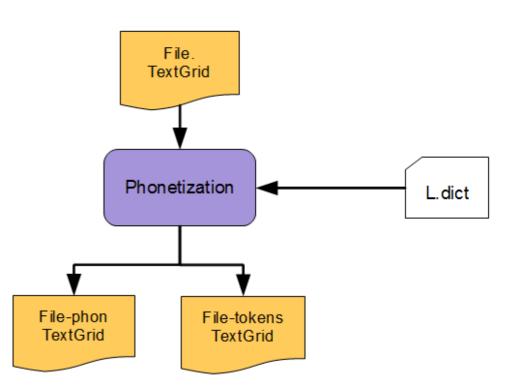
the flight was twelve hours long and we really got bored they only played two movies which we had both already seen I never get to sleep on the airplane because it's so uncomfortable





Phonetization

- Process of representing sounds with phonetic signs
- The phonetization is the equivalent of a sequence of dictionary look-ups.
- Phonetic variants:
 - no rules are applied, all possibilities are stored





Phonetization: example

• Resources:

 a dictionary (HTK-ASCII format)

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🗋 EN.dict 🗱			
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HOURLY	[HOURLY]	aw r l iy	
HOURS	[HOURS]	aw er z	
HOURS'	[HOURS']	aw r z	
HOURS(2)	[HOURS] aw	ΓZ	
HOUSAND	[HOUSAND]	hhawsaxnd	
HOUSDEN	[HOUSDEN]	hhawsdaxn	
HOUSE	[HOUSE]	hh aw s	
HOUSE'S	[HOUSE'S]	hh aw s ix z	
HOUSEAL	[HOUSEAL]	hhawsaxl	
HOUSEBOAT		hh aw s b ow t	
HOUSEBROKEN	[HOUSEBROKEN]	hhawsbrowkaxn	
HOUSECLEANING	[HOUSECLEANING]	hh aw s k l iy n ix ng	
HOUSED	[HOUSED]	hh aw z d	
HOUSEFUL	[HOUSEFUL]	hhawsfaxl	
HOUSEGUEST	[HOUSEGUEST]	hhawsgehst	
HOUSEHOLD	[HOUSEHOLD]	hh aw s hh ow l d	
HOUSEHOLD'S	[HOUSEHOLD'S]	hh aw s hh ow l d z	
HOUSEHOLDER	[HOUSEHOLDER]	hh aw s hh ow l d er	
HOUSEHOLDERS	[HOUSEHOLDERS]	hh aw s hh ow l d er z	
HOUSEHOLDS	[HOUSEHOLDS]	hh aw s hh ow l d z	
HOUSEKEEPER	[HOUSEKEEPER]	hh aw s k iy p er	
HOUSEKEEPERS	[HOUSEKEEPERS]	hhawskiyperz	
HOUSEKEEPING	[HOUSEKEEPING]	hh aw s k iy p ix ng	
HOUSEKNECHT	[HOUSEKNECHT]	hh aw s k n ix k t	
HOUSEL	[HOUSEL]	hh aw s ax l	
HOUDEE			



the flight was twelve hours long and we really got bored

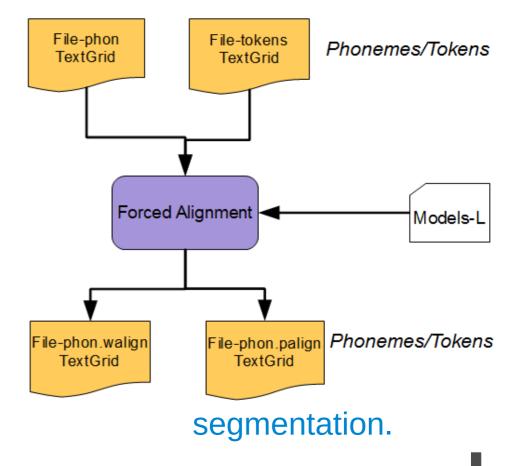
is phonetized as follow:



dh.ax|dh.ah|dh.iy f.l.ay.t w.aa.z|w.ah.z|w.ax.z|w.ao.z t.w.eh.l.v
aw.er.z|aw.r.z l.ao.ng ae.n.d|ax.n.d w.iy r.ih.l.iy|r.iy.l.iy g.aa.t
b.ao.r.d

Alignment

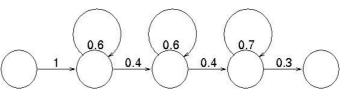
- A time-matching between a given speech utterance along with a phonetic representation of the utterance
- Forced-alignment in SPPAS is based on the Julius Speech Recognition Engine

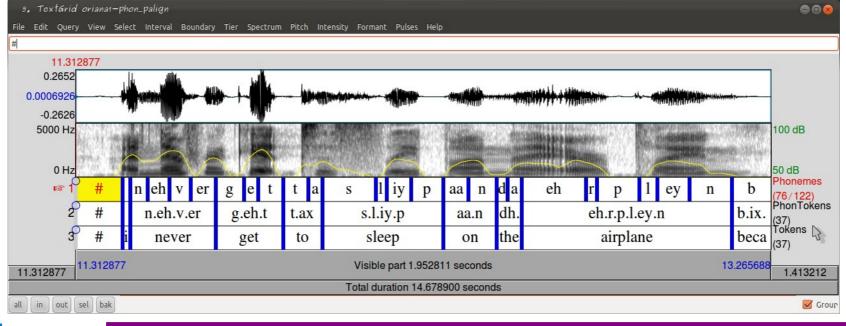


Alignment: example

Resources:

- A finite state grammar that describes sentence patterns to be recognized (created by SPPAS);
- An acoustic model.

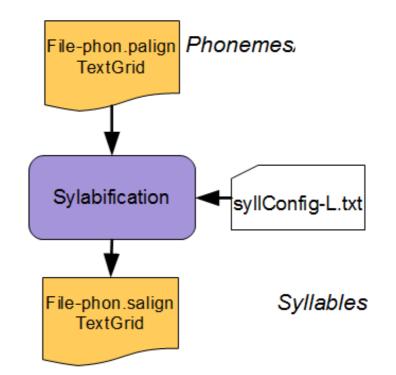






Syllabification

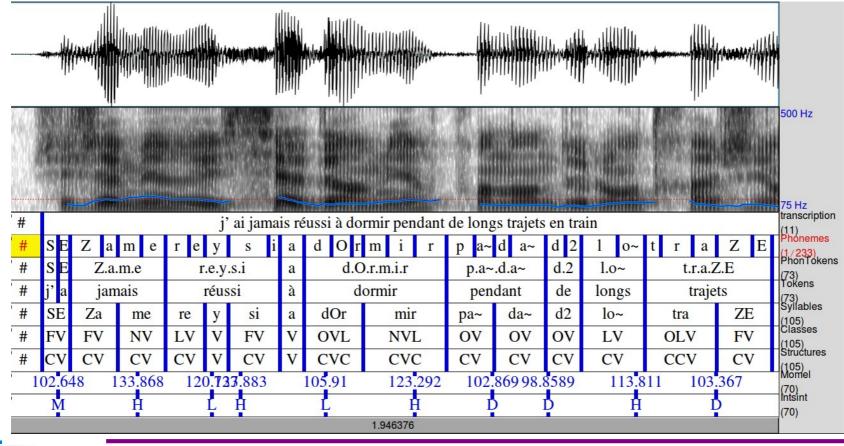
- Development of a Rule-Based System for automatic syllabification of phonemes' strings
- The syllabification is based on 2 principles:
 - a syllable contains a vowel, and only one;
 - a pause is a syllable boundary.



V_AC_AC_AV

Syllabification: example

- Resources (FR and IT):
 - a configuration file with the phoneme set, the classes and all rules



Resources summary

	FR	IT	ZH	EN
Dictionary : Number of entries	350k words and 300k variants	390k words and 5k variants	88k words (350 syllables)	121k words and 10k variants
Acoustic model: Data to train	Triphones - 7h30 CID +30min read	Triphones - 3h30 map- task	Monophones - 90min read	Triphones See voxforge.org
	▼ SLDR forge jitte Bigi – December 2	Evalita 2011	▼ Eurom1 (▼ CMU dictionary

Development

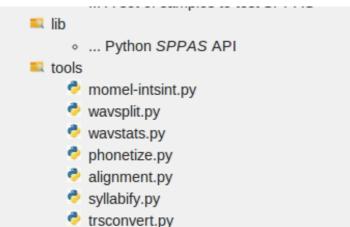
- Based on Python and wxPython (v2.7)
- 21000 lines (25% are comments)
- sppas.py: GUI or Inline usage

bigi@PC-BIGI: /data/toolkits/sppas-current	
Fichier Édition Affichage Rechercher Terminal Aide	
bigi@PC-BIGI:/data/toolkits/sppas-current\$./sppas.py -l FR -i ./samples/samples-FRall	
S P P A S - Version 1.4 Copyright (C) 2011-2012 LPL Laboratory http://www.lpl-aix.fr/~bigi/sppas/	
Momel and INTSINT 100% [] Finished.	
IPUs Segmentation \$	
Phonetization 0% []	



Architecture

- One directory with the API
 - One package per annotation
 - One package to deal with "Tiers"
- A set of inline tools



• 3 directories for resources

🔍 dict	
	EN.dict
	FR.dict
	IT.dict
	ZH.dict
🔍 syll	
	syllConfig-FR.txt
	syllConfig-IT.txt
🔍 mode	els
- 0	models-ZH
0	Chinese monophone acoustic model
-	models-EN
0	English triphone acoustic model
1	models-FR
0	French triphone acoustic model
1 0	models-IT
۰	Italian triphone acoustic model



A few words about technical stuff...

- The transcription encoding must correspond to that of SPPAS dictionary:
 - UTF-8 for French, Chinese or Italian,
 - us-ascii for English.
- The transcription and the audio files must have the same name (except for the extension)
- Windows: No spaces or accentuated chars



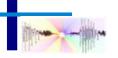
Recorded input speech files are **mono wav** files only. Other file formats are not supported.



SPPAS verifies if the wav file is 16 bits and 16000 Hz sample rate. Otherwise it automatically converts to this configuration using sox.

About

- URL: http://www.lpl-aix.fr/~bigi/sppas/
- SPPAS is still in progress...
 - Suggestions are welcome
 - New resources are welcome
 - Help in this development is also welcome!
- SPPAS can achieve a set of automatic phonetic annotations of speech; results are depending on...
 - The input wav quality
 - The transcription quality...



Orthographic Transcription: which Enrichment is required for Phonetization?

(Brigitte Bigi, Pauline Péri, Roxane Bertrand)

- Hypothesis:
 - The better transcription is:
 - the better phonetization...
 - thus, the better alignment,
 - thus, the better syllabification!
- But... what is a « better » transcription

Transcription:	•	never	get	to	sleep	on	the	airplane
Phonetization:	ay	n.eh.v.e.r	g.eh.t g.ih.t	t.uw t.ix t.ax	s.l.iy.p		dh.ax dh.ah dh.iy	eh.r.p.l.ey.n



Context of this study

- OTIM: Tools for Multimodal Information Processing
 - Http://www.lpl-aix.fr/~otim/
- Aims to develop an annotation scheme and tools for face to face interaction.
- Corpus of Conversational Data



- Transcription of the speech signal is the first annotation.
- How to reflect the orality of speech?



Three different transcriptions

- This study focused on 3 different transcription enrichments
- 1. TOS: standard orthographic written text
- 2. TOE1: TOS + the following specific speech phenomena: short pauses, various noises, laughter, filled pauses, truncated words, repeats.
- 3. TOE2: TOE1 + elisions, particular pronunciations and unusual liaisons
- Evaluations compare phonetizations obtained from automatic systems to a reference phonetized manually



Test corpus: MARC-Fr

- The corpus was transcribed using the three transcriptions.
- In parallel, it was manually phonetized by an expert.
- Freely available: http://www.sldr.fr
- Made of parts of three different French corpora:
 - CID Corpus of Interactional Data
 - AixOx read speech
 - Grenelle political debate
- About 7 minutes altogether



Test corpus description

		CID	AixOx	Grenelle
	Duration	143s	137s	134s
	Nb speakers	12	4	1
	Nb Phonemes	1876	1744	1781
	Nb Tokens	1269	1059	550
	Silent Pauses	10	23	28
	Hesitations	21	0	5
TOE1	Noise, breath	0	8	0
	Laughts	4	0	0
	Truncations	6	2	1
	Elisions	60	21	43
	Special pron.	58	37	23

TOE2

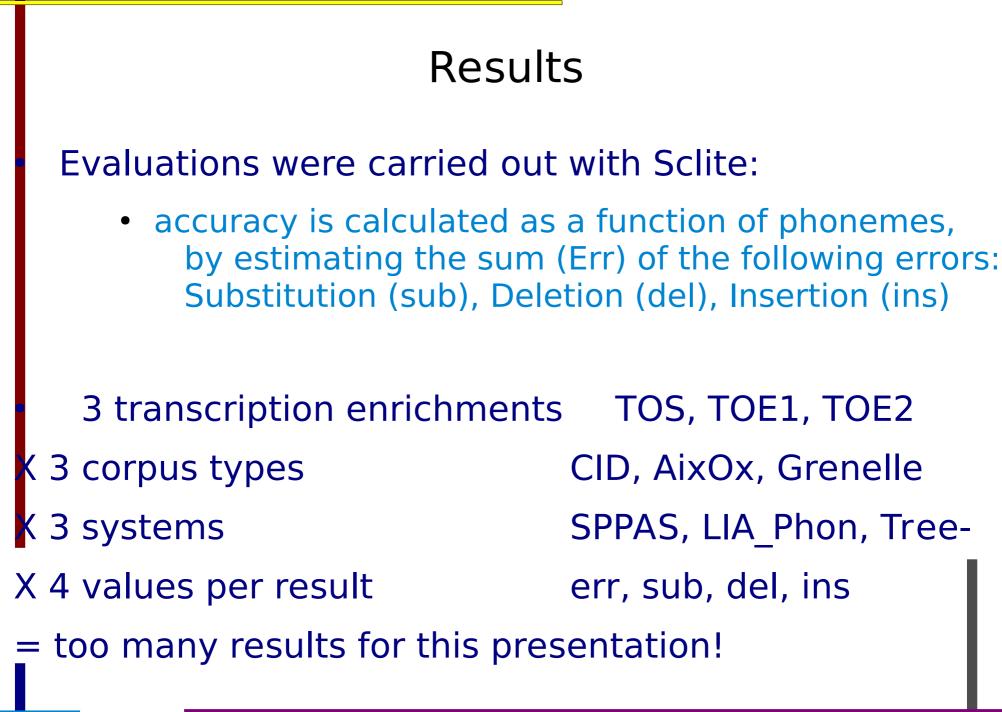
Automatic Phonetization

- There are two general ways to construct a phonetization process. We experimented:
 - SPPAS: dictionary based solutions which consist in storing a maximum of phonological knowledge in a lexicon. Phonetic variants are choose by the aligner.
 - Dictionary: 350k words, 300k variants
 - Acoustic model trained from 8h of speech
 - LIA_Phon: rule based systems, with rules based on inference approaches or proposed by expert linguists.
 - Without phonetic variants: a POS-tagger is used to disambiguate pronunciations.
 - Standard liaisons

LIA_Phon + TOE?

- LIA_Phon was conceived to take as input a standard orthographic transcription. The pronunciation is supposed to correspond to a standard French.
- We proposed a tree-based approach to use LIA_Phon with an enriched transcription as input





Results

	LIA_Phon
	Err %
CID	
TOS	17.3
TOE1	14.4
T0E2	6.5
Aix0x	
TOS	9.5
T0E1	6.5
T0E2	5.6
Grenelle	
TOS	8.0
TOE1	6.3
T0E2	4.0



Results

	LIA_Phon	Tree-based + LIA_Phon
	Err %	Err %
CID		
TOS	17.3	
T0E1	14.4	
T0E2	6.5	5.6
Aix0x		
TOS	9.5	
T0E1	6.5	
T0E2	5.6	5.2
Grenelle		
TOS	8.0	
T0E1	6.3	
T0E2	4.0	3.7



French only system	Otr		Room for Improvement Dict/Model	ts:	anguage inde	
	LIA_Phon:				SPPAS:	
	Sub	Del	Ins	Err	Err	
CID						
TOS	2.8	4.5	10.0	17.3		
TOE1	2.7	1.4	10.3	14.4	12.5	
TOE2	1.8	1.3	3.4	6.5		
AixOx						
TOS	1.4	5.0	3.0	9.5		
TOE1	1.4	2.3	2.9	6.5	8.2	
TOE2	1.3	1.8	2.5	5.6		
Grenelle						
TOS	1.1	2.8	4.1	8.0		
TOE1	1.0	1.2	4.1	6.3	7.2	
TOE2	1.3	1.0	1.7	4.0		

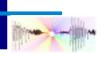
Conclusion

We showed how transcription can impact on the performances of automatic phonetization

Evaluations were carried out on 3 different types of speech

We proposed a solution to improve the rule-based system which obtained a phonetization of about 95.2% correct:

- from 3.7% to 5.6% error rates depending on the corpus
- Orthographic transcription which *manual* enrichment is required for *automatic* phonetization?



Although if the transcription enrichment is more time consuming, it constitutes therefore an

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